HUNTSVILLE TOWN ORDINANCE NO. ——2022.5.22—

LAND USE ADMINISTRATIVE AMENDMENTS

AN ORDINANCE OF HUNTSVILLE TOWN, REPEALING, RE-ENACTING AND AMENDING THE LAND USE AUTHORITY AND PLANNING COMMISSION ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE; LAND USE DUTIES AND POWERS; LAND USE APPEALS; SEVERABILITY; AND EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, Huntsville Town (hereafter "Town") is a municipal corporation, duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Utah;

WHEREAS, *Utah Code Annotated* §§ 10-8-84 and 10-8-60 allow municipalities in the State of Utah to exercise certain police powers and nuisance abatement powers, including but not limited to providing for safety and preservation of health, promotion of prosperity, improve community well-being, peace and good order for the inhabitants of the Town;

WHEREAS, Title 10, Chapter 9a, of the *Utah Code Annotated*, 1953, as amended, enables municipalities to regulate land use and development;

WHEREAS, the Town finds it necessary to update its land use ordinances in order to meet the challenges presented by development and to protect public health, safety, and welfare;

WHEREAS, after pub	olication of the required notice the Planning	Commission held its
public hearing on	, to take public comment on the	proposed Ordinance
after which the Planning Com	mission gave its recommendation to	this Ordinance;
,	n Council received the recommendation fro ic meeting on;	m the Planning
NOW, THEREFORE	E, be it ordained by the Town Council of Hu	untsville Town as

follows:

Section 1: Repealer. Section 15.3.4 of the *Huntsville Municipal Code* entitled "Planning Commission" is repealed. Chapter 15.5 of the *Huntsville Municipal Code* entitled "Appeal Authority" is repealed and re-enacted as Land Use Authorities and Appeals. Any other ordinance or portion of the *Huntsville Municipal Code* inconsistent with this Ordinance is hereby repealed and any reference thereto is hereby vacated.

- **Section 2:** Administrative Actions. The *Huntsville Municipal Code* is amended to repeal all instanced requiring administrative action, or non-legislative action, on a land use application by the Town Council, excepting subdivisions over ten (10) lots.
- **Section 3:** Adoption. The following portions of the *Huntsville Municipal Code* are hereby adopted to read as follows:

15.5.010 Planning Commission.

- 1. Establishment. In accordance with Utah Code Annotated §10-9a-301, Town hereby establishes the Planning Commission subject to this Section.
- 2. Membership. The Planning Commission is composed of five (5) members and one alternate who shall be residents, and registered voters, of the Town duly appointed by the Mayor, subject to the advice and consent of the Town Council. The alternate will be invited to all meetings and in the event of one of the five (5) members being absent, the alternate is eligible to vote.
- 3. Term. Each member of the Planning Commission shall serve a term of two three (3) years. Terms may be staggered. Members may be reappointed.
- 4. Vacancy. Any vacancy in the Planning Commission is filled for a two (2) three (3) year term by appointment of the Mayor, subject to the advice and consent of the Town Council.
- 5. Removal. A member may be removed for missing sixty (60) percent of the meeting in a during a calendar year, or by majority vote of the Town Council.
- 6. Powers and Duties. The Planning Commission shall only exercise the powers and duties set forth in Utah Code §10-9a-302, and as follows:
 - a. Recommendation. Review and make a recommendation to the legislative body for:
 - i. A general plan and amendments to the general plan.
 - ii. Land use regulations, including:
 - 1. Ordinances regarding the subdivision of land.
 - 2. Amendments to existing land use regulations;
 - b. Decision. The Planning Commission shall hear and decide all land use applications, subject to review by the Town Council.
 - c. Review. The Mayor or any member of the Town Council may request to review a decision by the Planning Commission by filing a written request with the Town Clerk within ten (10) days of any decision. The Town Council by majority vote osmay amend, modify, approve, or deny a land use application under review by the Town Council.
- 7. Presiding Officer. One member will be appointed by the Mayor with the advice and consent of the Town Council to serve as the Chairman. The Planning Commission shall, at its first meeting each year, elect a Chair and Vice chair from its membership. Each member shall rotate serving as chair for a period of one year commencing the first meeting of each year.
- 8. Quorum. A quorum of the Planning Commission consists of three (3) members present at a public meeting. A decision of the Planning Commission based upon the majority vote

- of the quorum present and voting at a public meeting. Each member present at a meeting shall vote on an issue, yea or nay, except when a member declares a conflict of interest. A tie vote fails, or is deemed to be a negative recommendation, as the case may be.
- 9. Rules. The Planning Commission shall follow the Rules of Procedure and Order adopted by the Town Council.
- 10. Compensation. The Mayor may fix per diem and compensation as established by the Town Council.

15.5.020 Land Use Authority.

- 1.Appointment. In accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-302(1)(c), the Mayor, subject to the advice and consent of the Town Council may appoint an Administrative Hearing Officer as the Land Use Authority to review and approve routine and uncontested land use applications, including:
 - a. Land Use Permits (including proper and accurate site plans).
 - b. Conditional Use Permits.
 - c. Subdivisions of three (3) lots or less in accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-605, notwithstanding a plat and compliance with Chapter 15.25 is required.
- 2. Qualification. The individual appointed should have qualified experience in land use as a professional surveyor, attorney, civil engineer, educator, or other land use related field.
- 3. Applicability. The Administrative Hearing Officer shall serve until removed by the Town Council or a successor is appointed. In the event that an Administrative Hearing Officer is not appointed, or in the event an application is contested, the Planning Commission is hereby designated as the Land Use Authority.
- 4. Standard. A land use decision is an administrative act and shall be made in accordance with Utah Code \$10-9a-306.
- 4.5.All decissions made by the administrative hearing officer will be presented to the Planning commission at the next available meeting by report
- 5.6. Contested. A land use application is only deemed contested if an adversely affected party files a written contest with the Town Clerk on a complete land use application duly filed with the Town regarding a land use application under this Section prior to action by the Administrative Hearing Officer or within ten (15) days of decision by the Administrative Hearing Officer. of the presentation to the Planning Commission
- 6.7. Compensation. The Mayor may fix per diem and compensation as established by the Town Council.

15.5.030 Appeal Authority.

- 1.Establishment. In accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-701, the Mayor, subject to the advice and consent of the Town Council may appoint an Appeal Authority to hear and decide the appeal of any land use applications decided by the Planning Commission or Town Council.
- 2. Appointment. The Mayor shall appoint an individual, including alternates, as the Appeal Authority subject to the advice and consent of the Town Council.
- 3. Qualification. The individual appointed should have qualified experience in land use as a professional surveyor, attorney, civil engineer, educator, or other land use related field.

- 4. Compensation. The Mayor may fix per diem and compensation as established by the Town Council.
- 5. Authority. The Appeal Authority is quasi-judicial and serves as the final arbiter of issues involving the interpretation or application of the municipal code in the course of hearing and deciding all appeals, including:
 - a. Appeals set forth in Utah Code 10-9a-701(1)(b).
 - b. Variances in accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-702.
 - c. Appeals regarding geological hazards shall be administered in accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-703.
 - d. Any other appeal specified in the municipal code.
- 6.Time. In accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-704, a written appeal of any land use decision shall be filed with the Town Clerk within ten (10) calendar days of the decision issued by the land use authority. An applicant present at a meeting where a decision is made is presumed to have actual notice of the decision which shall be deemed as the commencement of the ten (10) calendar day appeal period.
- 7. Burden. In accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-705, the appellant has the burden of proving error.
- 8. Due Process. Due process is afforded in accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-706.
- 9. Scope. Subject to the scope set forth in Utah Code §10-9a-707, the standard of review for the appeal authority is as follows:
 - a. For factual matters, the Appeal Authority may review the matter de novo.
 - b. The Appeal Authority shall determine the correctness of a decision of the Land Use Authority in its interpretation and application.
 - c. An appeal may be made where a Land Use Authority has applied a land use regulation to a particular application, person, or parcel.
 - d. All other standards for making a shall be based upon the preponderance of the evidence.
 - e. The appealing party is limited in raising claims only to those claims that were initially raised at the time the decision was made upon the land use application.
- 10. Final Decision. The Appeal Authority shall issue a final decision in accordance with Utah Code \$10-9a-708.
- 11. District Court. No person may challenge in district court any land use decision of the Town until that person has complied with Utah Code §10-9a-801, and otherwise exhausted all administrative remedies and in accordance with Utah Code §10-9a-701(2). The following limitations apply:
 - a. No adversely affected parties shall present a theory of relief in district court that was not first presented to the appeal authority.
 - b. Adversely affected parties are precluded from pursuing duplicate or successive appeals before the same or separate appeal authorities as a condition of the adversely affected party's duty to exhaust administrative remedies.
 - c. The Appeal Authority may provide that a matter be appealed directly to the district court.